# SGI® Altix® Systems Quad-Port Gigabit Ethernet Board User's Guide

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001	October 2006
	Initial release

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### **About this book**

This guide describes the two versions of the quad-port Gigabit Ethernet board, shows you how to connect the boards to an Ethernet network, and explains how to operate the boards.

You can use the quad-port Gigabit Ethernet board to replace the built-in Ethernet network adapter in your system, or use it in addition to your current adapter.

This guide is written for users of the quad-port Gigabit Ethernet board. It is assumed that you have general knowledge of Ethernet networks and the system in which the board is installed.

# **Important Information**



Warning: Never look into the end of a fiber optic cable to confirm that light is being emitted (or for any other reason). Most fiber optic laser wavelengths (1300 nm and 1550 nm) are invisible to the eye and cause permanent eye damage. Shorter wavelength lasers (for example, 780 nm) are visible and can cause significant eye damage. Use only an optical power meter to verify light output.



Warning: Never look into the end of a fiber optic cable on a powered device with any type of magnifying device, such as a microscope, eye loupe, or magnifying glass. Such activity causes cause a permanent burn on the retina of the eye. Optical signal cannot be determined by looking into the fiber end.

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## **Chapter Descriptions**

This guide contains the following chapters:

- Chapter 1, "Gigabit Ethernet Board Features and Capabilities," summarizes board features, lists the protocols and interfaces with which the board is compatible, and gives board configuration limits for various systems.
- Chapter 2, "Connecting the Gigabit Ethernet Board to a Network," shows you how to connect the Gigabit Ethernet board to your network.
- Chapter 3, "Operating the Gigabit Ethernet Board," explains how to verify installation of the board and software, how to reset the board, how to set parameters to improve performance, and how to set configuration parameters.
- Appendix A, "Specifications", summarizes the physical and performance characteristics, environmental information, and operating ranges of the board.

A glossary and an index complete this guide.

#### **Related Publications**

This guide is part of a document set that fully supports the installation, operation, and service of the quad-port Gigabit Ethernet board. For more information about installing and servicing the quad-port Gigabit Ethernet board, see the user's guide for the system in which the board is installed.

#### SGI Altix Hardware Documentation

The following is a list of hardware documentation available from SGI that describes SGI Altix systems.

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- SGI Altix 450 System User's Guide
   Provides an overview of the Altix 450 system components, and it describes how to
   set up and operate this system
- SGI Altix 4700 User's Guide
   This guide provides an overview of the architecture and descriptions of the major components that compose the SGI Altix 4700 family of servers. It also provides the standard procedures for powering on and powering off the system, basic troubleshooting information, and important safety and regulatory specifications.
- SGI Altix XE210 System User's Guide
   Describes the features of the Altix XE210 server system as well as troubleshooting, upgrading, and repairing.
- SGI Altix XE240 System User's Guide
   Describes the features of the Altix XE240 server system as well as troubleshooting, upgrading, and repairing.

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- You can also view man pages by typing man < title> on a command line.

For example, to display the man page for the apropos command, type the following on a command line:

man apropos

Important system configuration files and commands are documented on man pages. References in the documentation to these pages include the name of the command and the section number in which the command is found. For example, "apropos(1)" refers to the apropos command and indicates that it is found in section 1 of Linux man pages.

For additional information about displaying reference pages using the man command, see man(1).

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#### **Conventions**

The following conventions are used throughout this document:

Convention	Meaning
Command	This fixed-space font denotes literal items such as commands, files, routines, path names, signals, messages, and programming language structures.
variable	The italic typeface denotes variable entries and words or concepts being defined. Italic typeface also is used for book titles.
user input	This bold, fixed-space font denotes literal items that the user enters in interactive sessions. Output is shown in nonbold, fixed-space font.
[]	Brackets enclose optional portions of a command or directive line.
	Ellipses indicate that a preceding element can be repeated.
man page( $x$ )	Man page section identifiers appear in parentheses after man page names.
GUI element	This font denotes the names of graphical user interface (GUI) elements such as windows, screens, dialog boxes, menus, toolbars, icons, buttons, boxes, fields, and lists.

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# **Gigabit Ethernet Board Features and Capabilities**

Gigabit Ethernet is technology that allows computer systems to communicate at speeds up to 1 gigabit per second (Gbps).

This board is supported in the following systems:

- SGI Altix XE210
- SGI Altix XE240
- SGI Altix 450
- SGI Altix 4700

This chapter includes the following sections:

- "Board Features" on page 1
- "Cabling" on page 5
- "Configuration Limits" on page 7

#### **Board Features**

The Gigabit Ethernet board is available in two formats: the quad-port Fiber-Optic Gigabit Ethernet board and the quad-port Copper Gigabit Ethernet board.

These boards are described in the following sections:

- "Fiber-Optic Board Features" on page 2
- "Copper Board Features" on page 4

Fiber-Optic Gigabit Ethernet is defined in the IEEE standard P802.3z. The Fiber-Optic Gigabit Ethernet board is compatible with this approved standard. Copper Gigabit Ethernet is defined in the IEEE standard P802.3ab. The Copper Gigabit Ethernet board is compatible with this approved standard.

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#### **Fiber-Optic Board Features**

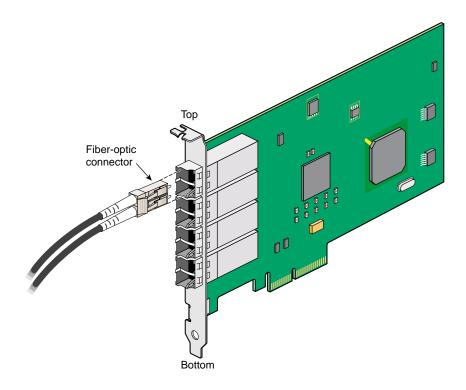
The Fiber-Optic Gigabit Ethernet board includes these features:

- PCI Express (PCI-E) bus with a x4 Lane width
- Duplex LC fiber small form factor (SFF) connector
- Four Ethernet ports
- 2000 Mbit/s in full duplex mode per port
- High performance, reliable, low power, dual integrated MAC /SERDES chip controller
- Dual, high-speed RISC processor per channel for advanced packet classification
- Hardware acceleration that can off-load tasks from the host processor. The controllers can off-load TCP/UDP/IP checksum calculations and TCP segmentation.
- Support for Jumbo Frames (9KB)

For full technical specifications of the board, see Appendix A, "Specifications".

**Note:** The hardware MAC addresses for the four ports are lowest at the top of the card and highest at the bottom of the card.

Figure 1-1 shows the quad-port fiber-optic Gigabit Ethernet board.



**Figure 1-1** Fiber-Optic Gigabit Ethernet Board

#### **Copper Board Features**

The copper Gigabit Ethernet board includes these features:

- Gigabit Ethernet (1000Base-T), Fast Ethernet (100Base-TX), Ethernet (10Base-T)
- Quad Ethernet ports
- Full-duplex and Simplex Gigabit Ethernet interface as defined in the IEEE P802.3ab approved standard
- RJ45 UTP connector for Category-5 copper cabling
- 2000 Mbit/s in full duplex mode per port
- High performance, reliable, low power, dual integrated MAC + PHY chip controller
- Dual, high-speed RISC processor per channel for advanced packet classification
- Hardware acceleration that can off-load tasks from the host processor. The controllers can off-load TCP/UDP/IP checksum calculations and TCP segmentation.
- Support for Jumbo Frames (9KB)

**Note:** The hardware MAC addresses for the four ports are lowest at the top of the card and highest at the bottom of the card.

For full technical specifications of the board, see Appendix A, "Specifications".

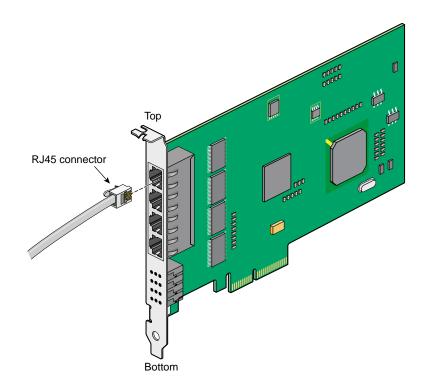


Figure 1-2 shows the quad-port Copper Gigabit Ethernet board.

Figure 1-2 Copper Gigabit Ethernet Board

# **Cabling**

The cabling for the Gigabit Ethernet board is described in the following sections:

- "Fiber-Optic Board Cabling" on page 6
- "Copper Board Cabling" on page 7

#### **Fiber-Optic Board Cabling**

The fiber-optic Gigabit Ethernet board is connected to the network using fiber-optic cable. The cable, which is not included in the shipment, must be a 50-micron or 62.5-micron multimode duplex cable with an LC connector.

Table 1-1 lists SGI fiber-optic cables.

**Table 1-1** SGI 62.5-Micron Cable Options for Fiber-Optic Gigabit Ethernet

Length	Marketing Code
3 m (9.8 ft)	X-F-OPT-3M
10 m (39.3 ft)	X-F-OPT-10M
25 m (82 ft)	X-F-OPT-25M
100 m (328 ft)	X-F-OPT-100M

Table 1-2 lists operating ranges for 50-micron and 62.5-micron cables for a 1000-BASE-SX port. Fiber type is MM.

**Table 1-2** Fiber-Optic Operating Range, 1000-BASE-SX Standard

Diameter (Microns)	Modal Bandwidth (MHz * km)	Range (Meters)
62.5	160	2 to 220 <sup>a</sup>
62.5	200	2 to 275 <sup>b</sup>
50	400	2 to 500
5	500	2 to 550°

a. The TIA 568 building wiring standard specifies 160/500 MHz \* km multimode fiber.

This card only supports 1000-Base-SX.

b. The international ISO/IEC 11801 building wiring standard specifies 200/500~MHz \* km multimode fiber.

c. The ANSI Fibre Channel specification specifies 500/500 MHz \* km 50 micron multimode fiber, and 500/500 MHz \* km fiber has been proposed for addition to ISO/IEC 11801.

#### **Copper Board Cabling**

The Copper Gigabit Ethernet board is implemented using twisted pair cable. The cable, which is not included in the shipment, must be Category-5 cable plant (4-pair) with an RJ45 UTP connector at each end. Table 1-3 lists the SGI twisted pair cables. The operating range for 1000-Base-T is up to 100 m (328 ft).

Table 1-3SGI Twisted Pair Cable

Length	Marketing Code
6 feet	CBL-GBE-RJ45-06FT-Z
10 feet	CBL-GBE-RJ45-10FT-Z
15 feet	CBL-GBE-RJ45-15FT-Z
25 feet	CBL-GBE-RJ45-25FT-Z
50 feet	CBL-GBE-RJ45-50FT-Z

To achieve the longer distances available with 1000-Base-T, use a switch with 1000-Base-T ports.

## **Configuration Limits**

Table 1-4 summarizes the configuration limits for the Fiber-Optic and Copper Gigabit Ethernet boards.

**Table 1-4** Configuration Limits

System	Maximum Per Bus	Maximum Number of Boards
Altix XE210	1	1
Altix XE240	1	2 with a PCI-x riser, 4 with a PCI-E riser
Altix 450	1	8
Altix 4700	1	8

# Connecting the Gigabit Ethernet Board to a Network

This chapter shows you how to connect the fiber-optic Gigabit Ethernet board or the copper Gigabit Ethernet board to a network, and how to configure your system for the board.

Following is a description of each section:

- "Installing the Board" on page 9
- "Connecting to the Network" on page 9

## Installing the Board

The installation instructions for the Gigabit Ethernet board are different for different systems. Refer to the following sources for installation instructions:

- Altix XE210: See the instructions for installing a PCI-E card in the user's or owner's guide that came with your system.
- Altix XE240: See the instructions for installing a PCI-E card in the user's or owner's guide that came with your system.
- Altix 450: See the instructions for installing a PCI-E card in the user's or owner's guide that came with your system.
- Altix 4700: Your Gigabit Ethernet board must be installed by an SGI certified service provider.

# **Connecting to the Network**

This section shows you how to connect the Gigabit Ethernet board to a network in the following sections:

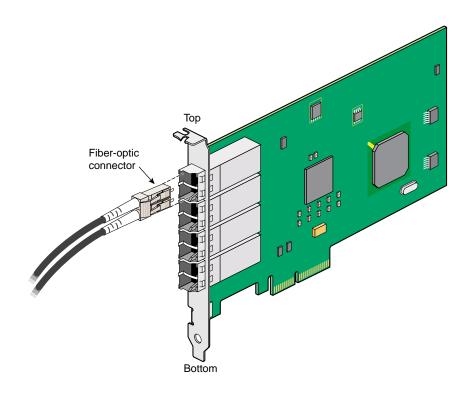
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- "Connecting the Fiber-Optic Board" on page 10
- "Connecting the Copper Board" on page 11

## **Connecting the Fiber-Optic Board**

To connect your fiber-optic Gigabit Ethernet board to a network, insert the LC connector on one end of the fiber-optic cable into the Gigabit Ethernet board, as shown in Figure 2-1. Ensure that the connector is inserted completely into the jack. Then insert the connector on the other end of the fiber-optic cable into the connector on the Ethernet switch, or another computer system (as appropriate).

**Note:** If your network connects to an Ethernet switch, consult the operating manual for the switch to ensure that the switch port is enabled and configured correctly.

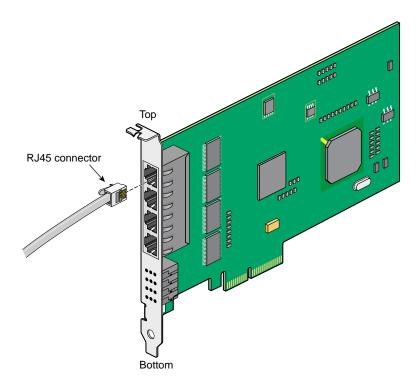


**Figure 2-1** Connecting the Fiber-Optic Cable

### **Connecting the Copper Board**

To connect your copper Gigabit Ethernet board to a network, insert the RJ45 connector on one end of the copper cable into the Gigabit Ethernet board, as shown in Figure 2-2. Make sure the connector is inserted completely into the jack, and then insert the connector on the other end of the copper cable into the jack on the Ethernet switch, or another computer system (as appropriate).

**Note:** If your network connects to an Ethernet switch, consult the operating manual for the switch to ensure that the switch port is enabled and configured correctly.



**Figure 2-2** Connecting the Copper Cable

# **Operating the Gigabit Ethernet Board**

This chapter describes various issues that may occur when using a Gigabit Ethernet network. It includes the following sections:

- "Verifying Functionality" on page 13
- "Resetting the Board" on page 17
- "Configuration Parameters" on page 17

# **Verifying Functionality**

This section explains the following:

- "Using LEDs to Determine Board Functionality" on page 14
- "Verifying Board Recognition" on page 15
- "Verifying Board Configuration and Enabling" on page 15

#### **Using LEDs to Determine Board Functionality**

The fiber-optic and copper Gigabit Ethernet boards have light-emitting diodes (LEDs) that indicate whether the board is configured correctly and connected to an active Ethernet, as discussed in the following sections.

#### Fiber-Optic Board LEDs and Connector Specifications

Table 3-1 describes the functions of these LEDs.

 Table 3-1
 LEDs on the Fiber-optic Gigabit Ethernet Board

Components	Purpose
LEDs	One LED per port
	Link/Activity: Turns on link, blinks on activity (green)
	LEDs are located on the Fiber-Optic board visible through holes in the metal bracket holder.
Connectors	small form factor (SFF) LC

During normal operation, the link LED is on; the data LED blinks whenever the board is receiving traffic.

#### **Copper Board LEDs**

The copper Gigabit Ethernet board has three LEDs per ports. Table 3-2 describes the functions of these LEDs.

Table 3-2	LEDs on the	Copper	Gigabit Ethernet Board
-----------	-------------	--------	------------------------

Components	Purpose
LEDs	Three LEDs per port
	Link/Activity: Turns on any link speed, blinks on activity (green)
	100Mbits/s: Turns on 100 Mbit/s link (green)
	1000 Mbits/s: Turns on 1000 Mbit/s link (green)
	LEDs are located on the Copper board visible through holes in the metal bracket holder.
Connectors	Four shielded RJ-45

#### **Verifying Board Recognition**

To verify that the operating system has located the Gigabit Ethernet board, use the Linux PCI utilities lspci(8) command, as follows:

#### % lspci

```
0000:0a:00.2 PCI bridge: Intel Corporation 41210 [Lanai] Serial to Parallel PCI Bridge (B-Segment Bridge) (rev 09) 0000:0b:04.0 Ethernet controller: Broadcom Corporation NetXtreme BCM5704 Gigabit Ethernet (rev 10) 0000:0b:04.1 Ethernet controller: Broadcom Corporation NetXtreme BCM5704 Gigabit Ethernet (rev 10) 0000:0c:06.0 Ethernet controller: Broadcom Corporation NetXtreme BCM5704 Gigabit Ethernet (rev 10) 0000:0c:06.1 Ethernet controller: Broadcom Corporation NetXtreme BCM5704 Gigabit Ethernet (rev 10) 0000:0c:0c.0 VGA compatible controller: ATI Technologies Inc: Unknown device 515e (rev 02)
```

In 0b:04.0 Ethernet controller identification, 0b is the bus number, 04 is the slot number, and 0 is the port, respectively.

#### **Verifying Board Configuration and Enabling**

Use the installation tool that comes with your operating system to install and configure the Ethernet board.

You can use the ifconfig -a command to verify the configuration information, as follows:

```
systemA:~ # ifconfig -a
eth0
          Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 00:E0:ED:04:27:92
          inet addr:192.168.1.1 Bcast:192.168.1.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::2e0:edff:fe04:2792/64 Scope:Link
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:746483853 errors:5843 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:200725935 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:801290470661 (764170.1 Mb) TX bytes:120045246582 (114484.0 Mb)
          Interrupt:18
eth1
          Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:E0:ED:04:27:93
          inet addr:192.168.2.1 Bcast:192.168.2.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::2e0:edff:fe04:2793/64 Scope:Link
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:732407118 errors:5992 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:131625584 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:831583957440 (793060.2 Mb) TX bytes:9525662773 (9084.3 Mb)
          Interrupt:19
eth2
          Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:E0:ED:04:27:94
          inet addr:192.168.3.1 Bcast:192.168.3.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::2e0:edff:fe04:2794/64 Scope:Link
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:627481955 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:129746769 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:791824548040 (755142.7 Mb) TX bytes:9412533373 (8976.4 Mb)
          Interrupt:16
eth3
          Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:E0:ED:04:27:95
          inet addr:192.168.4.1 Bcast:192.168.4.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::2e0:edff:fe04:2795/64 Scope:Link
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:626151677 errors:21908421 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:21908421
          TX packets:173864058 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:771670760220 (735922.5 Mb) TX bytes:62020320786 (59147.1 Mb)
          Interrupt:17
10
          Link encap:Local Loopback
          inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
          inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
          UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1
          RX packets:117 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:117 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
          RX bytes:9174 (8.9 Kb) TX bytes:9174 (8.9 Kb)
sit0
          Link encap: IPv6-in-IPv4
          NOARP MTU:1480 Metric:1
          RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
          RX bytes:0 (0.0 b) TX bytes:0 (0.0 b)
```

For more information on ifconfig, see the ifconfig(8) man page.

## **Resetting the Board**

In the unlikely event that you need to reset the fiber-optic or copper Gigabit Ethernet board, enter the following:

```
ifconfig <interface> down
ifconfig <interface> up
```

where interface is name of the interface. This is usually a driver name followed by a unit number, for example, ifconfig eth0 down, for the first Ethernet interface.

For more information on ifconfig, see the ifconfig(8) man page.

# **Configuration Parameters**

Configuration changes for Ethernet devices drivers are made by means of the ethtool(8) command. The ethtool command works with all Linux Ethernet drivers.

In general, each feature has a query and a modify variant. If you are wondering whether the current driver and ethtool support a specific feature, attempt to run the query option first, an example is, as follows:

This shows the current settings of the pause (or flow control) parameters. You can then change these parameters with the ethtool -A option.

As with any system configuration changes, make sure to have a back out strategy, read the most recent documentation for potential changes and pitfalls, and consult with a relevant Linux archives for examples of common usage.

# **Specifications**

This appendix provides the following information:

- "Physical and Performance Characteristics" on page 19
- "General Technical Specifications" on page 20

# **Physical and Performance Characteristics**

Table A-1 summarizes the physical and performance characteristics for the copper board.

 Table A-1
 Copper Gigabit Ethernet Tech. Specs. - (1000Base-T) Adapters

Characteristic	Value
IEEE Standard / Network	Gigabit Ethernet, 1000Base-T
topology:	Fast Ethernet, 100Base-TX
	Ethernet, 10Base-T
Full duplex / Simplex	Supports both Simplex & Full duplex operation in all operating speeds
Auto negotiation:	Auto-negotiation between Full duplex and simplex operations and between 10Mb/s and 100Mb/s speeds and duplex 1000Mb/s speeds.
Data Transfer Rate:	1000 Mbit/s, 100 Mbit/s, and 10 Mbits/sec in simplex mode per port.
	2000Mbit/s 200 and 20 Mbit/s in full duplex mode per port.
Cables and Operating distance	10Base-T Category 3, 4, or 5 maximum 100m
	100Base-Tx Category 5 maximum 100m
	1000Base-T Category 5E maximum 100m

007-4861-001

Table A-2 summarizes the physical and performance characteristics for the fiber-optic board.

 Table A-2
 Fiber-Optic Gigabit Ethernet Tech Specs. - (1000Base-SX) Adapters

Characteristic	Value
IEEE Standard / Network topology:	Fiber Gigabit Ethernet, 1000Base-SX (850nM)
Data Transfer Rate:	2000Mbit/s in full duplex mode per port
Cables and Operating distance:	Multimode fiber:
	220m at 62.5 um 550m at 50 um
Optical Output Power:	Typical: -6 dBm Minimum: -9.5 dBm
Optical Receive Sensitivity:	Typical: -21 dBm Maximum: -17 dBm

# **General Technical Specifications**

This section describes general technical specifications for the copper board and fiber-optic board.

# **Copper Board Technical Specifications**

Table A-3 provides the general technical specifications the copper boards.

 Table A-3
 Copper Board Gigabit Ethernet General Technical Specifications

Specification	Description
Interface Standard:	PCI Express Base Specification Revision 1.0
Board Size:	Short PCI Add in card: $167.64$ mm x $106.68$ mm ( $6.6$ "X $4.2$ "), Detailed description appendix A

 Table A-3
 Copper Board Gigabit Ethernet General Technical Specifications

Specification	Description
PCI Express Card Type	X4 Lane
PCI Express Voltage:	+3.3V +-5%, +12V +- 8%
PCI Connector:	X4 Lane
Controllers:	Broadcom BCM5704C
Holder:	Metal Bracket
Weight:	150 gram (5.4 oz)
Power Consumption:	0.45A at 12V and 1.9A at 3.3V: Typical, all ports operate at $1000Mbit/s$ .
	$0.44\mathrm{A}$ at 12V and $0.76\mathrm{A}$ at 3.3V:Typical, all ports operate at $100\mathrm{Mbit/s}$ .
	0.18A at 12V and $0.56A$ at 3.3V: Typical, all port operates at $10Mbit/s$ .
	0.44A at 12V and 0.63A at 3.3V: Typical, No link
Operating Humidity:	0% - 90%, non-condensing
Operating Temperature:	0°C - 50°C (32°F - 122°F)
Storage:	-20°C - 65°C (-4°F - 149°F)
EMC Certifications:	FCC Part 15, Subpart B Class B Conducted Emissions Radiated Emissions

 Table A-3
 Copper Board Gigabit Ethernet General Technical Specifications

Specification	Description
EMC Certifications:	CE EN 55022: 1998 Class B: Amendment A1 2000, A2 2003
	Conducted Emissions
	Radiated Emissions
	CE EN 55024: 1998 Amendment A1: 2001, Amendment A2: 2003
	Immunity for ITE
	CE EN 61000-3-2 2000
	Harmonic Current Emissions
	CE EN 61000 3-3
	Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker
	CE IEC 6100-4-2: 1995
	ESDAirDischarge8kV.ContactDischarge4kV.
	CE IEC 6100-4-3:1995
	Radiated Immunity (80-1000Mhz), $3V/m$ 80% A.M. by $1kHz$
	CE IEC 6100-4-4:1995
	EFT/B: Immunity to electrical fast transients 1kV Power
	Leads, 0.5Kv Signals Leads
	CE IEC 6100-4-5:1995
	Immunity to conductive surges COM Mode; 2kV,
	Dif. Mode 1kV
	CE IEC 6100-4-6:1996
	Conducted immunity (0.15-80 MHz) 3VRMS 80% A.M
	By 1kHz
	CE IEC 6100-4-11:1994
	Voltage Dips and Short Interruptions
	V educe >95%, 30% >95% Duration 0.5per, 25per, 250pe

 Table A-3
 Copper Board Gigabit Ethernet General Technical Specifications

Specification	Description
MTBF:	56 (Years) *According to Telcordia SR-332 Issue 1
	Environmental condition - GB (Ground, Fixed, Controlled). Ambient temperature - 25°C. Temperature rise of 15° C above the system ambient temperature was assumed for the cards components (except for the optical transceivers).

Table A-4 summarizes the LEDs and connector specifications for the copper board.

**Table A-4** Copper Bord LEDs / Connector Specifications

Characteristic	Value
LEDs:	(3) LEDs per port
	Link Activity: Turns on any link speed, blinks on activity (green).
	100Mbits/s: Turns on 100 Mbit/s link (green).
	1000Mbit/s: Turn on 1000 Mbit/s link (green).
LEDs location:	LEDs are located on the PCB, visible via holes in the metal bracket holder
Connectors:	(4) Shielded RJ-45

# **Fiber-Optic Board Technical Specifications**

Table A-5 provides the general technical specifications for the fiber-optic board.

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 Table A-5
 Fiber-optic Board Gigabit Ethernet General Technical Specifications

Specification	Description	
Interface Standard:	PCI Express Base Specification Revision 1.0	
Board Size:	Short PCI Add in card: 167.64mm x 106.68mm (6.6"X 4.2")	

 Table A-5
 Fiber-optic Board Gigabit Ethernet General Technical Specifications

Specification	Description
PCI Express Card Type	X4 Lane
PCI Express Voltage:	+3.3V +-5%, +12V +- 8%
PCI Connector:	X4 Lane
Controllers:	Broadcom BCM5704S
Holder:	Metal Bracket
Weight:	180 gram (6.42 oz)
Power Consumption:	0.45A at 12V and 2.21A at 3.3V: Typical, all ports operate at 1000Mbit/s. 0.44A at 12V and 2.16A at 3.3V: Typical, No link
Operating Humidity:	0% - 90%, non-condensing
Operating Temperature:	0°C - 50°C (32°F - 122°F)
Storage:	-20°C - 65°C (-4°F - 149°F
EMC Certifications:	FCC Part 15, Subpart B Class B Conducted Emissions Radiated Emissions

**Table A-5** Fiber-optic Board Gigabit Ethernet General Technical Specifications

Specification	Description
EMC Certifications:	CE EN 55022: 1998 Class B: Amendment A1 2000, A2 2003
	Conducted Emissions
	Radiated Emissions
	CE EN 55024: 1998 Amendment A1: 2001, Amendment A2: 2003
	Immunity for ITE
	CE EN 61000-3-2 2000
	Harmonic Current Emissions
	CE EN 61000 3-3
	Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker
	CE IEC 6100-4-2: 1995
	ESDAirDischarge8kV.ContactDischarge4kV.
	CE IEC 6100-4-3:1995
	Radiated Immunity (80-1000Mhz), 3V/m 80% A.M. by
	1kHz
	CE IEC 6100-4-4:1995
	EFT/B: Immunity to electrical fast transients 1kV Power
	Leads, 0.5Kv Signals Leads
	CE IEC 6100-4-5:1995
	Immunity to conductive surges COM Mode; 2kV,
	Dif. Mode 1kV
	CE IEC 6100-4-6:1996
	Conducted immunity (0.15-80 MHz) 3VRMS 80% A.M.
	By 1kHz
	CE IEC 6100-4-11:1994
	Voltage Dips and Short Interruptions
	V educe >95%, 30% >95% Duration 0.5per, 25per, 250per
MTBF*:	56 (Years)
	*According to Telcordia SR-332 Issue 1
	Environmental condition - GB (Ground, Fixed, Controlled). Ambient temperature - 25° C. Temperature rise of 15° C above the system ambient temperature was assumed for the cards components (except for the optical transceivers).

Table A-6 summarizes the LEDs and connector specifications for the fiber-optic board.

**Table A-6** Fiber-Optic Bord LEDs / Connector Specifications

Characteristic	Value
LEDs:	LED per port Link / Act : Turns on link, blinks on activity (green)
LEDs location:	LEDs are located on the PCB, visible via holes in the metal bracket holder
Connectors:	Small Form Factor (SFF) LC

# **Glossary**

## acknowledge (Ack) packet

The Ack packet informs the PE that initiated a message that the destination PE accepted the message.

## autonegotiation

The process by which two computers (or a computer and a switch) connected by Gigabit Ethernet determine the speed and other parameters with which they will communicate.

## CD-ROM (CD)

A flat metallic disk that contains information that you can view and copy onto your own hard disk; you cannot change or add to the disk. CD-ROM is an abbreviation for compact disc read-only memory.

#### Ethernet

A communication network used to connect computers.

## gigabit

A communication rate of 2^30 bits per second.

### host

Any system connected to the network.

### hostname

The name that uniquely identifies each host (system) on the network.

#### IP address

A number that uniquely identifies each host (system) on a TCP/IP network..

### **LED**

Light-emitting diode, a light on a piece of hardware that indicates status or error conditions.

#### MAC

Medium access control, also called the physical layer.

#### MAC address

The physical address of the Gigabit Ethernet board, which is distinct from the IP address.

#### **MTU**

Maximum Transmission Unit is a configuration parameter that controls the size of the Ethernet frames that the Gigabit Ethernet board can transmit and receive.

## man (manual) page

An online document that describes how to use a particular Linux command. Also called reference page.

#### **NIS**

Network Information Service, a distributed database mechanism for user accounts, host names, mail aliases, and so on.

#### PCI

Peripheral Component Interconnect, a bus specification. The PCI bus is a high-performance local bus used to connect peripherals to memory and a microprocessor. Many vendors offer devices that plug into the PCI bus.

## reference page

See man (manual) page.

### TCP/IP

A standard networking protocol that is included in the Linux software.

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